



WorldMark South Pacific Club and Controlled Entity

ARSN 092 334 015

FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended 31 December 2014

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

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WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 REPORT OF THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

The Directors of the Responsible Entity, Wyndham Vacation Resorts South Pacific Limited A.B.N. 11 090 503 923, submit the financial statements of WorldMark South Pacific Club, (The Club), and Controlled Entity (Consolidated Entity) for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Directors

The Directors of the Responsible Entity at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Gregory John Bendlin Director
Gary Martin Croker Director
Matthew James Taplin Director

Directors have been in office for the duration of the financial period, unless otherwise stated.

Directors' meetings

During the financial year, as per clause 21.3 of the constitution, the Directors executed 7 resolutions.

Principal activities

The Consolidated Entity owns and operates Vacation Ownership resort properties.

No significant changes in the Consolidated Entity's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Review and results of operations

During the financial year, 85 resort apartments (2013: 85 resort apartments), at four resort locations, were placed into the Consolidated Entity for occupancy and 61,026,750 Vacation Credits were authorised (2013: 57,885,820 credits). At 31 December 2014, 49,659 members of the public (2013: 47,490 members) had subscribed and were allocated Vacation Credits in the Consolidated Entity.

The consolidated profit from operating activities after tax for the year ended 31 December 2014 was \$783,083 (Restated 2013: loss of \$302,315).

As at 31 December 2014, the value of the consolidated total assets was \$418,316,990 (Restated 2013: \$377,692,556). The valuation method for these assets is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements

Distributions

Subject to clause 17.2 and except as specifically provided for (if any) in the constitution, there shall be no distribution of income or capital to any member except upon the termination of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with clause 32 and in particular clause 32.3 of the Constitution.

State of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, there were no significant events impacting upon the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity that occurred during the financial year.

Responsible entity fees

During the financial year, the Consolidated Entity incurred fees amounting to \$3,737,624 (2013: \$3,557,710) for the management of the entity by the Responsible Entity. As at 31 December 2014, the Responsible Entity does not hold any direct interest in the Consolidated Entity.

Events subsequent to balance date

On 1 February 2015, eight (8) resort apartments at Wyndham Hotel Melbourne were placed into the Consolidated Entity for occupancy and 6,631,600 Vacation Credits valued at \$3,845,137 were authorised.

On 1 March 2015, seven (7) resort apartments at Wyndham Hotel Melbourne were placed into the Consolidated Entity for occupancy and 5,537,250 Vacation Credits valued at \$3,211,412 were authorised.

Apart from the matters discussed above, there have been no other events that have occurred since 31 December 2014 that have or may significantly affect the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future periods.

Options

The Consolidated Entity has no powers to, and has not, at any time granted to a Director or Officer of the Responsible Entity an option to have issued to them any Authorised but Unissued Vacation Credits in the Consolidated Entity.

The Consolidated Entity has not granted to any other person, including Wyndham Vacation Resorts Asia Pacific Pty Ltd, (the Developer), any rights in respect of Authorised but Unissued Vacation Credits in the Club other than as stipulated in the Constitution of the Consolidated Entity.

Likely developments

The Consolidated Entity will continue to perform its present functions for the foreseeable future.

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 REPORT OF THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

In respect of the Consolidated Entity:

The Consolidated Entity has not, during or since the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an auditor of the Consolidated Entity:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- (b) paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

In respect of the Responsible Entity:

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an auditor of the Responsible Entity:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- (b) paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Insurance premiums

A condition of the Australian Financial Services Licence is that the Consolidated Entity must maintain adequate professional indemnity insurance. Accordingly, throughout the financial period the Responsible Entity had a policy in place to cover claims up to an aggregate value of US\$15,000,000 (whole dollars). The policy was renewed on 13 July 2014 and is next due for renewal on 13 July 2015. Such insurance contracts insure against certain liabilities (subject to specific exclusions) for the Company and for persons who are or have been the Directors or Executive Officers of the Responsible Entity. No claims have been made and no claims are pending under the policy. Further details in respect of the policy have not been provided as the policy prohibits such disclosure.

Leave of proceedings

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Consolidated Entity or intervene in any proceedings to which the Consolidated Entity is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Consolidated Entity for all or any part of those proceedings.

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5 for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Wyndham Vacation Resorts South Pacific Limited.

Matthew Taplin

Date 26th March, 2015

Director

For and on behalf of Wyndham Vacation Resorts South Pacific Limited



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Auditor's Independence Declaration under S307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Wyndham Vacations Resorts South Pacific Limited, as Responsible Entity for WorldMark South Pacific Club

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2014 there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

CROWE HORWATH BRISBANE

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BRENDAN WORRALL

Partner

Signed at Brisbane, 26 March 2015

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014	2014 Restated (See Note 24)
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue			
Levy income		46,170,954	39,675,728
Resort income	2(a)	9,918,146	8,941,343
Other income	2(a)	1,458,179	1,299,017
Total revenue		57,547,279	49,916,088
Expenditure			
Resort operation costs		(44,550,258)	(39,409,140)
Administration costs	2(b)	(12,104,506)	(10,510,884)
Total expenditure		(56,654,764)	(49,920,024)
Profit / (Loss) before income tax	3	892,515	(3,936)
Income tax expense	3	(109,432)	(298,379)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	3	783,083	(302,315)
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Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		464,177	2,829,431
Other comprehensive income for the year		464,177	2,829,431
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,247,260	2,527,116
Due fit attails at a late			
Profit attributable to:			
Unitholders	-	783,083	(302,315)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	783,083	(302,315)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Unitholders		1,247,260	2,527,116

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014	2013 Restated (See Note 24)	1 January 2013 Restated (See Note 24)
	Note	\$	\$	\$
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4	31,525,004	27,795,306	7,195,173
Financial assets		-	-	18,024,833
Trade and other receivables	5	48,014,717	42,863,137	38,216,817
Inventories	6	111,976	130,299	120,144
Other current assets	7	1,553,539	1,586,648	1,497,553
Total current assets		81,205,236	72,375,390	65,054,520
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	8	337,111,754	305,317,166	274,816,891
Total non-current assets		337,111,754	305,317,166	274,816,891
Total assets		418,316,990	377,692,556	339,871,411
		110,010,000	077,002,000	
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	9	6,912,261	5,267,887	4,824,837
Current tax liabilities	10	24,326	214,869	135,431
Other current liabilities	11	49,491,096	44,172,247	38,267,296
Employee benefits	12	689,844	590,952	528,028
Total current liabilities		57,117,527	50,245,955	43,755,592
Non-current liabilities				
Employee benefits	12	216,695	220,834	246,473
Total non-current liabilities		216,695	220,834	246,473
Total liabilities		57,334,222	50,466,789	44,002,065
Net assets		360,982,768	327,225,767	295,869,346
Equity				
Vacation Credits on issue	13	352,722,454	320,212,713	291,383,408
Retained earnings		6,227,814	5,444,731	5,747,046
Foreign currency translation reserve		2,032,500	1,568,323	(1,261,108)
		360,982,768	327,225,767	295,869,346

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Note	Vacation Credits on issue \$	Retained earnings \$	Foreign currency translation reserve \$	Total \$
Opening balance 1 January 2013 as previously reported		291,383,408	7,093,712	(1,261,108)	297,216,012
Adjustment on correction of error	24	-	(1,346,666)	-	(1,346,666)
Opening balance 1 January 2013 as restated		291,383,408	5,747,046	(1,261,108)	295,869,346
Total comprehensive income for the financial year as previously reported		-	1,434,783	2,829,431	4,264,214
Adjustment on correction of error	24	-	(1,737,098)	-	(1,737,098)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year as restated			(302,315)	2,829,431	2,527,116
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owners:					
Vacation Credits issued	13	28,829,305	-	-	28,829,305
Closing balance 31 December 2013		320,212,713	5,444,731	1,568,323	327,225,767
Opening balance 1 January 2014		320,212,713	5,444,731	1,568,323	327,225,767
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	783,083	464,177	1,247,260
Transactions with Owners in their capacity as Owners					
Vacation Credits issued	13	32,509,741	-	-	32,509,741
Closing balance 31 December 2014		352,722,454	6,227,814	2,032,500	360,982,768

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

Note Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers 58,198,226 51,873,467 Interest received 969,232 1,168,884 Payments to suppliers and employees (50,258,162) (45,558,343) GST paid (833,103) (1,219,516) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,076,193 6,264,492 Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 14(b) 31,525,004 27,795,306 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 14(b) 31,525,004 27,795,306			2014	2013 Restated (See Note 24)
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers 58,198,226 51,873,467 Interest received 969,232 1,168,884 Payments to suppliers and employees (50,258,162) (45,558,343) GST paid (833,103) (1,219,516) Net cash provided by operating activities 8,076,193 6,264,492 Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173			\$	\$
Receipts from customers 58,198,226 51,873,467 Interest received 969,232 1,168,884 Payments to suppliers and employees (50,258,162) (45,558,343) GST paid (833,103) (1,219,516) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,076,193 6,264,492 Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 3,729,698 20,600,133 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173		Note		
Interest received 969,232 1,168,884 Payments to suppliers and employees (50,258,162) (45,558,343) GST paid (833,103) (1,219,516) Net cash provided by operating activities 14(a) 8,076,193 6,264,492 Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments to suppliers and employees (50,258,162) (45,558,343) GST paid (833,103) (1,219,516) Net cash provided by operating activities 14(a) 8,076,193 6,264,492 Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Receipts from customers		58,198,226	51,873,467
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment Proceeds from term deposits Cash (used in) / provided by investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Interest received		969,232	1,168,884
Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment Proceeds from term deposits Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities Net cash and cash equivalents held Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 14(a) 8,076,193 6,264,492 (4,484,487) (3,358,134) (4,484,487) 14,666,699 137,992 (331,058) 20,600,133 27,795,306 7,195,173	Payments to suppliers and employees		(50,258,162)	(45,558,343)
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	GST paid		(833,103)	(1,219,516)
Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Net cash provided by operating activities	14(a)	8,076,193	6,264,492
Payments for property, plant & equipment (4,484,487) (3,358,134) Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173				
Proceeds from term deposits - 18,024,833 Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Cash flows from investing activities			
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (4,484,487) 14,666,699 Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Payments for property, plant & equipment		(4,484,487)	(3,358,134)
Cash flows from financing activities Advances from / (to) related parties Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Proceeds from term deposits			18,024,833
Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities		(4,484,487)	14,666,699
Advances from / (to) related parties 137,992 (331,058) Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 137,992 (331,058) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held 3,729,698 20,600,133 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173				
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities137,992(331,058)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held3,729,69820,600,133Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year27,795,3067,195,173	Cash flows from financing activities			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Advances from / (to) related parties		137,992	(331,058)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173	Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities		137,992	(331,058)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year 27,795,306 7,195,173				
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held		3,729,698	20,600,133
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 14(b) 31,525,004 27,795,306	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		27,795,306	7,195,173
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year 14(b) 31,525,004 27,795,306				
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	14(b)	31,525,004	27,795,306

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of accounting

The Consolidated Financial Statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The scheme is a 'for-profit' entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements cover the economic entity of WorldMark South Pacific Club, (the Club), and the Controlled Entity as the Consolidated Entity. WorldMark South Pacific Club is domiciled and incorporated in Australia.

The financial statements of WorldMark South Pacific Club and Controlled Entity comply with International Financial Reporting Standards in their entirety.

The Club was established on 1 March 2000 with an expiration of 80 years from the Commencement Date of the Club.

This financial report was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity on 26 March 2015.

(b) Principles of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost.

Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these consolidated financial statements.

Appropriate adjustments have been made to a Controlled Entity's financial statements where the accounting policies used by those entities were different from those adopted in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses. Land and buildings are measured on a cost basis less impairment losses.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment excluding buildings and freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Consolidated Entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Buildings are not depreciated. In the event a Resort or Apartment is transferred, sold, or assigned and will cease to be an asset of the Club, the Responsible Entity will ensure the Developer replaces that Resort or Apartment with another Resort or Apartment of at least equal quality and the same Vacation Credits as the old Resort or Apartment. Any risks or rewards associated with the transfer, sale or assignment flow through to the Developer.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of plant and equipment

Furniture, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles

Depreciation rate

3-14 years 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at each balance date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. These gains and losses are included in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the entities within the Consolidated Entity is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange difference arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Group companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Consolidated Entity's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- · Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date.
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year.
- Retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.
- Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income and included in the Consolidated Entity's foreign currency translation reserve in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. These differences are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed.

(e) Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit or loss for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the balance date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income except where it relates to items allocated directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amounts of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Based on the principal of mutuality, only income arising from non-member activities is subject to income tax. The Consolidated Entity is able to identify all non-member income.

(f) Trade and other receivables

Levies for owners are recorded as a receivable on a pro-rata basis, from the month following that in which they become owners. Membership fees are billed in November of each year and are due within 30 days.

Developer levies are included in the inter-entity account with Wyndham Vacation Resorts Asia Pacific Pty Limited and are paid to the Club within 14 days of the end of the month, in accordance with the Constitution of the Consolidated Entity.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, discounts and rebates, and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Levy revenue from owners are calculated on a pro-rata basis from the month following that in which they become a member. The revenue is then amortised on a straight-line basis over the remainder of the financial year.

Developer levy revenue is calculated in accordance with the Constitution of the Consolidated Entity based on the number of Authorised but Unissued Vacation Credits at the end of each month and is shown as revenue for that month.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportionate basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers. Other revenue is recognised when the right to receive the revenue has been established.

Revenue in relation to rendering of services is recognised depending on whether the outcome of the services can be measured reliably. If this is the case then the stage of completion of the services is used to determine the appropriate level of revenue to be recognised in the period.

(h) Trade and other payables

A liability is recorded for goods and services received prior to balance date, whether invoiced or not. Trade creditors are settled in accordance with supplier payment terms.

(i) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisitions of the asset or as part of an item of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST payable to the ATO is included as a current liability in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, are classified as operating cash flows.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and cash reserves for future refurbishment.

(k) Financial instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term, or if so designated by management and within the requirement of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Financial instruments (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities, and it is the Consolidated Entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the Consolidated Entity are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken recognised in other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Derivative instruments

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income unless they are designated as hedges.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At the end of the reporting period the Consolidated Entity assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

Financial assets at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate.

Impairment on loans and receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. All other impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost are taken directly to the asset.

Available for sale financial assets

A significant or prolonged decline in value of an available for sale asset below its cost is objective evidence of impairment. In this case, the cumulative loss that has been recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. Any subsequent increase in the value of the asset is taken directly to other comprehensive income.

(I) Comparative figures

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

(m) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Directors of the Responsible Entity evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Consolidated Entity. There were no key adjustments during the year which required accounting estimates and judgments.

Key estimates - Impairment

The Consolidated Entity assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Consolidated Entity that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(m) Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

Key estimates - Impairment (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Key estimates - Useful lives and recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment

The Consolidated Entity estimates the useful lives and recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment based on experience with similar assets. The estimated useful lives and recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical and commercial obsolescence and other limits on the use of property, plant and equipment.

Key estimates - Realisability of deferred taxes

The Consolidated Entity reviews the carrying amounts of deferred income tax assets at each reporting date and reduces them to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be realised.

Key Judgments - Impairment of receivables

Included in trade receivables at the end of the reporting period is an amount receivable of \$30,775 relating to owners' late fees. A provision for impairment has been raised against this amount. This provision is based on a percentage estimate of late fees receivable that may be written off against revenue. Assumptions for the estimate are based on historical data and recent trends.

Key Judgments - Classification of financial instruments

The Consolidated Entity classifies a financial instrument, or its component, on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Financial assets are classified as loans and receivables. Financial liabilities are classified as other liabilities. The Consolidated Entity determines the classification at initial recognition and re-evaluates the classification at every reporting date.

(n) Date of registration

The Club was registered by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission on 2 May 2000.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave is recognised in employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave which is not expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds with terms and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) New accounting standards and interpretations

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards and Interpretations

In the current period, the Consolidated Entity has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting period. The adoption of these new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in changes to the entity's accounting policies. Also, the adoption of these new and revised Standards and interpretations did not result in any changes to the reported results or financial position for the current or prior year.

Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing 1 January 2014)

AASB 2013 - 3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards AASB 136 - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets - Amendment to this standard requires additional information about fair value measurement when the recoverable amount of impaired assets is based on fair value less costs of disposal. Discount rates for where present value techniques are used must be disclosed. The disclosure requirements for entities using a fair value less costs of disposal method of valuation to assess impairment will now be similar to those using a value in use technique.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing 1 January 2014)

AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - The existing requirements of AASB 132 have been clarified to confirm that, in order for a legally enforceable right of set off to result in an offset of financial assets and liabilities, the right of set off must be available immediately, and not contingent on future events. It must also be exercisable in the event of default, bankruptcy, or insolvency by either party. Entities that have such an arrangement will need to consider whether they continue to meet the requirements to set off financial assets and liabilities.

Investment Entities

AASB 2013 - 5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Investment Entities - Provides an exemption to the requirements of AASB 10 for entities which meet the definition of an 'investment entity'. An investment entity is one that exists solely to obtain funds from investors and invest them solely for the returns from capital or investment income. Investment entities are able to measure their investment in certain subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss, rather than consolidating them.

Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting

AASB 2013-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting - Permits an entity to continue to apply hedge accounting in certain circumstances where a derivative that has been designated as a hedging instrument is novated from one counterparty to a central counterparty as a consequence of laws or regulations. The change is a response to legislative reform affecting Over the Counter (OTC) derivatives, which has been implemented by the G20 as a result of the global financial crisis.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(q) New accounting standards for application in future periods

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were issued but not yet effective.

Standard/Interpretation	Operative Date	Expected to be initially applied
AASB 9 'Financial Instruments' and AASB 2010-7 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9'	01-Jan-17	31-Dec-18
AASB 2013-9 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial Instruments'		
IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts from Customers'	01-Jan-17	31-Dec-18
IAS 27 'Amendments for Interests in Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates in Separate Financial Statements'	01-Jan-16	31-Dec-16
AASB 2014-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation'	01-Jan-16	31-Dec-16
AASB 2014-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Accounting for Interests in Joint Operations'	01-Jan-16	31-Dec-16

The potential effect of the revised Standards/Interpretations on the Group's financial statements has not yet been determined.

	2014 \$	2013 Restated \$
NOTE 2 (a) RESORT AND OTHER INCOME	•	•
Resort income Reservation income	5,120,395	4,568,638
Income from sale of goods and services	4,797,751	4,372,705
	9,918,146	8,941,343
Other income		
Interest income	985,033	959,344
Other	473,146	339,673
	1,458,179	1,299,017
NOTE 2 (b) EXPENDITURE		
The profit / (loss) before income tax was arrived at after charging as expenses the following specific items:		
Employee benefit expense	16,232,198	15,274,237
Depreciation	5,453,382	4,856,461
Management fees	3,737,624	3,557,710
Superannuation	1,283,750	1,211,548
Credit card fees	538,906	496,837
Owner newsletter and resort guide Impairment of receivables	213,011 189,605	346,135 110,134
Auditors' remuneration	76,496	74,270
Custodial fees	66,467	57,800
Compliance committee fees	58,140	54,062
NOTE 3 INCOME TAX		
The prima facie tax payable on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense/(benefit) as follows:		
Profit / (loss) before income tax	892,515	(3,936)
Prima facie tax payable on profit $/$ (loss) before income tax at 30% (2013: 30%)	267,754	(1,181)
Adjustments for the tax effect of:		
Amounts excluded under Principle of Mutuality	(505,342)	(207,075)
Deferred tax assets not brought to account or utilised	347,020	506,635
Income tax expense	109,432	298,379
Deferred Tax Assets not brought to account, the benefits of which will only be realised if the conditions for deductibility of tax losses set out in note 1 occur based on corporate tax rate of 30% (2013: 30%):		
Tax losses	8,599,398	7,402,154
Potential tax benefit	2,579,819	2,220,646
Temporary differences		
Other	6,134	6,100
Provisions	64,469	105,015
Potential tax benefit	21,181	33,335
Total deferred tax benefits not brought to account	2,601,000	2,253,981

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2014 \$	2013 Restated \$
Cash on hand and bank balances at call	31,525,004	27,795,306
	31,525,004	27,795,306

The Call Deposit account interest is variable, with a rate of 2.40% as at 31 December 2014 (2013: 2.40%).

It is the Consolidated Entity's policy to accumulate in a separate bank account, sufficient funds to enable the future refurbishment of property, plant and equipment. Cash reserves for future refurbishment held as at 31 December 2014 amounted to \$23,273,086 (2013: \$21,149,312). These funds are made up of a combination of cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 5 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current		
Owner levies receivable (Note 24)	47,769,902	42,196,412
Provision for impairment	(30,775)	(19,247)
Other receivables	189,191	627,285
Interest receivable	72,445	56,644
Related Party Receivables:		
Resort Management by Wyndham Pty Ltd	6,328	2,043
WVRAP (Denarau Island) Association Ltd	6,855	_,0 .0
Wyndham Vacation Resorts (NZ) Limited	771	
	13,954	2,043
Total current trade and other receivables	48,014,717	42,863,137
NOTE 6 INVENTORIES		
Resort inventories - finished goods at cost	111,976	130,299
NOTE 7 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Prepayments	1,553,539	1,586,648
NOTE 8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Freehold land & buildings at cost	267,669,761	246,603,892
Leasehold land & buildings at cost	38,778,134	32,131,935
Building - common area at cost	3,415,053	3,415,053
Furniture, fittings & equipment at cost	59,615,060	50,524,971
Less: accumulated depreciation	(32,751,926)	(27,941,833)
Furniture, fittings & equipment at net book value	26,863,134	22,583,138
Office equipment and motor vehicle at cost	294,814	546,372
Less: accumulated depreciation	(22,194)	(151,572)
Office equipment and motor vehicle at net book value	272,620	394,800
Work in progress	113,052	188,348
Total property, plant and equipment	337,111,754	305,317,166

NOTE 8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Freehold land & buildings \$	Leasehold land & buildings \$	Building - common area \$	Furniture, fittings & equipment \$	Office equipment and motor vehicle \$	Work in progress	Total \$
1 Jan 14	246,603,892	32,131,935	3,415,053	22,583,138	394,800	188,348	305,317,166
Additions and transfers	20,682,314	6,646,199	-	6,778,276	23,065	2,765,153	36,895,007
Disposals at written down value	-	-	-	(123,056)	-	-	(123,056)
Depreciation	-	-	-	(5,377,229)	(22,194)	(53,959)	(5,453,382)
Transfers	-	-	-	2,909,541	(123,051)	(2,786,490)	-
Effects of foreign exchange translation	383,555	-	-	92,464	-	-	476,019
31 Dec 14	267,669,761	38,778,134	3,415,053	26,863,134	272,620	113,052	337,111,754

	Freehold land & buildings \$	Leasehold land & buildings \$	Building - common area \$	Furniture, fittings & equipment \$	Office equipment and motor vehicle \$	Work in progress	Total \$
1 Jan 13	235,083,872	16,878,874	3,399,750	18,715,998	387,612	350,785	274,816,891
Additions and transfers	8,532,397	15,254,067	15,303	8,363,154	22,519	-	32,187,440
Disposals at written down value	-	(1,006)	-	(78,384)	-	(48,022)	(127,412)
Depreciation	-	-	-	(4,841,130)	(15,331)	-	(4,856,461)
Transfers	-	-	-	115,729	-	(115,729)	-
Effects of foreign exchange translation	2,987,623	-	-	307,771	-	1,314	3,296,708
31 Dec 13	246,603,892	32,131,935	3,415,053	22,583,138	394,800	188,348	305,317,166

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

NOTE 9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2014 \$	2013 \$
Current		
Trade payables	1,062,817	909,290
Other payables	783,950	767,990
Accrued expenses	4,098,632	2,763,829
GST payable	213,048	222,870
	6,158,447	4,663,979
Related Party Payables:		
Wyndham Vacation Resorts Asia Pacific Pty Ltd	608,977	556,967
Finance by Wyndham Pty Ltd	129,112	15,012
Resort Management by Wyndham Pty Ltd	5,951	21,814
WVRAP (Denarau Island) Association Ltd	-	4,177
WorldMark by Wyndham (NZ) Limited	-	351
Wyndham Vacation Resorts (NZ) Limited	9,774	5,587
	753,814	603,908
	6,912,261	5,267,887
All trade and other payables are current and settled within normal supplier terms and are non-interest bearing. Related party payables are non-interest bearing and repayables. NOTE 10 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	ole on demand	
Income tax payable	24,326	214,869
NOTE 11 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Owner levies deferred income	48,916,795	43,543,710
Reservations deposits received in advance	574,301	628,537
	49,491,096	44,172,247
NOTE 12 PROVISIONS Current		
Provision for annual leave	537,952	477,190
Provision for long service leave	151,891	113,762
	689,843	590,952
Non current		
Provision for long service leave	216,695	220,834
NOTE 13 EQUITY		
Owner Vacation Credits on issue	2014	2013
	No. of units	No. of units
Balance at 1 January	652,159,590	594,273,770
Authorised Vacation Credits issued	61,026,750	57,885,820
	713,186,340	652,159,590
Balance at end of period		
Vacation Credits on issue represented by:		
Authorised Vacation Credits issued and sold	697,872,760	
Authorised Vacation Credits issued but unsold	15,313,580	15,221,830
	713,186,340	652,159,590
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January	320,212,713	291,383,408
Authorised Vacation Credits issued	32,509,741	28,829,305

As at 31 December 2014, the Responsible Entity does not hold any direct interest in the Consolidated Entity.

352,722,454

320,212,713

Balance at end of period

NOTE 14 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (a) Reconciliation of cash flow with profit / (loss) after income.	from operating activities	2014 \$	2013 Restated \$
Profit / (loss) after income	tax	783,083	(302,315)
Adjust for non cash items: Depreciation Provision for doubtful debt Interest receivable Loss on sale of property, pl Movement in foreign currer	ant and equipment	5,453,382 11,528 (15,801) 222,282 (11,842)	4,856,461 (38,033) 209,540 127,414 (467,277)
Changes in assets and liabil (Increase)/Decrease in: Trade receivables (Note 24 Other receivables Inventories	ities:	(5,573,490) 438,092 18,323	(4,950,637) 104,596 (10,154)
Prepayments Increase/(Decrease) in: Trade creditors Income received in advance Other creditors and accrual Provision for employee enti GST recovered Movement in tax provision	s	33,109 153,526 5,318,849 1,350,764 94,753 (9,822) (190,543)	395,050 5,904,951 355,368 37,285 51,900 79,438
Net cash provided by opera	ating activities	8,076,193	6,264,492

(b) Reconciliation of cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and bank deposits in highly liquid investments at call net of bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the accounts as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents per Statements of Cash Flows	31,525,004	27,795,306
Cash per Statement of Financial Position (Note 4)	31,525,004	27,795,306

(c) Financing facilities

The Consolidated Entity has no financing facilities with its bankers.

(d) Non-cash transactions

During the financial year, 85 resort apartments valued at \$32,509,741 (2013: 85 apartments valued at \$28,829,305), at four resort locations were acquired for the Consolidated Entity by Wyndham Vacation Resorts Asia Pacific Pty Limited - the Developer. The Developer owns one special class of Vacation Credit known as the Developer Vacation Credit. Under the terms of the Constitution of the Consolidated Entity, in exchange for placing the resort apartments into the Consolidated Entity unencumbered, the Developer is entitled to the proceeds of the Vacation Credits, as and when they are issued to the general public by the Responsible Entity.

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

NOTE 15 FINANCIAL REPORTING BY SEGMENTS

The Consolidated Entity operates predominantly, and is domiciled, in Australia. Its principal activity is that of a vacation ownership resort property owner and operator. The Consolidated Entity currently owns properties at twenty six locations, of which one is in Fiji, eight in New South Wales, seven in Queensland, five in Victoria, one in Tasmania, two in New Zealand and two in Western Australia.

The majority of administrative operations are carried out at the Consolidated Entity's head office in Queensland.

The members of the Consolidated Entity mainly reside in Australia, Fiji or New Zealand.

NOTE 16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Entity's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks and accounts receivable and payable. The carrying values approximate the fair value of these financial instruments, considering the short-term nature of the financial instruments.

The Consolidated Entity does not have any derivative financial instruments at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil).

Significant accounting policies

Details of significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis for measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial risk management

The main risks the Consolidated Entity is exposed to through its financial assets and liabilities are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Consolidated Entity's risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of the financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects of the financial performance of the Consolidated Entity, by way of various measures detailed below.

Senior management analyse interest rate exposure and evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors and key management personnel.

Capital risk management

The Consolidated Entity manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern through the optimisation of debt to equity ratios.

Its capital structure consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprising Vacation Credits, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

The Directors of the Responsible Entity review the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of the review, the Board considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The Consolidated Entity's overall strategy remains unchanged from the year ended 31 December 2013.

(a) Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Entity is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.

The Consolidated Entity is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

Foreign currency risk

The Controlled Entity, WorldMark by Wyndham (NZ) Limited operates in New Zealand and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposures with respect to the NZ dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis and cash flow forecasting. Management has set up a policy requiring group entities to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The NZ Owner Levies collected is used to fund the NZ operations and all excess cash is maintained in NZ until such time as the Parent Entity requires the cash flow.

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Australian dollars, was as follows:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Trade and other receivables	715,888	250,298
Trade and other payables	34,534	36,887

NOTE 16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Consolidated Entity. The Consolidated Entity's credit risk is limited as a result of contracts entered into at the time of the initial sale of points, in that where the event arises of owners defaulting on paying levies, points can be forfeited and on sold to new owners. The Consolidated Entity does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty of any group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

The ageing of the Consolidated Entity's trade and other receivables at the reporting date was:

	2014		20 Resta	
	Gross	Impairment	Gross	Impairment
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Not past due (current)	46,390,234	-	41,102,090	-
Past due 10-30 days (31 - 60 day aging)	125,781	-	199,167	-
Past due 31-60 days (61 - 90 day aging)	82,943	-	77,335	-
Past due more than 60 days (+91 day aging)	1,446,534	(30,775)	1,503,792	(19,247)
	48,045,492	(30,775)	42,882,384	(19,247)
Past due 10-30 days (31 - 60 day aging) Past due 31-60 days (61 - 90 day aging)	46,390,234 125,781 82,943 1,446,534	- - - (30,775)	41,102,090 199,167 77,335 1,503,792	(19,24)

The remaining balance of the past due receivables at 31 December was not impaired because it is expected that these amounts will be received in full through various recovery actions in the normal course of business.

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts of impairment expenses between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Impairment		
Trade and other receivables assessed as impaired at the beginning of the year	(19,247)	(57,280)
Annual impairment expense per the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	(189,605)	(110,134)
Trade and other receivables assessed as impaired and written off during the year	178,077	148,167
Trade and other receivables assessed as impaired at the end of the year	(30,775)	(19,247)

NOTE 16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Consolidated Entity manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities and ensuring that adequate funds are maintained.

Trade payables are short-term in nature.

The Consolidated Entity is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk.

The following are contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

31 December 2014 - Consolidated	Carrying amount \$	Contractual cash flows \$	Less than one year \$	1-5 years \$	Over 5 years \$
Trade and other payables	6,912,261	6,912,261	6,912,261	-	
31 December 2013 - Consolidated					
Trade and other payables	5,267,887	5,267,887	5,267,887	-	

(d) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on those financial assets and financial liabilities, is as follows:

	Weighted average interest rate	Floating interest rate	Non interest bearing	Fixed interest rate maturing <1 year	Fixed interest rate maturing 1-5 years	Total
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated						
As at 31 December 2014						
Cash and cash equivalents	3.17	31,525,004	-	-	-	31,525,004
Trade and other receivable	S	-	48,014,717	-	-	48,014,717
Total financial assets		31,525,004	48,014,717	-	-	79,539,721
Trade and other payables		-	6,912,261	-	-	6,912,261
Total financial liabilities		-	6,912,261	-	-	6,912,261

	Weighted average interest rate	Floating interest rate	Non interest bearing	Fixed interest rate maturing <1 year	Fixed interest rate maturing 1-5 years	Total
Consolidated	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 31 December 2013						
(restated)						
Cash and cash equivalent	s 3.28	27,795,306	-		-	27,795,306
Trade and other receivab	les	-	42,863,137	-	-	42,863,137
Total financial assets		27,795,306	42,863,137	-	-	70,658,443
Trade and other payables		-	5,267,887	-	-	5,267,887
Total financial liabilities	_	-	5,267,887	-	-	5,267,887

The net carry values of financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair value. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and in the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Interest rate risk (continued)

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure of the Consolidated Entity to variable interest rates for non-derivative financial instruments at the reporting date at the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period. A 1% increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rates internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in interest rates.

At 31 December 2014, if the interest rates had changed by 1% from the period-end rates with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the year for the Consolidated Entity would have been \$250,277 lower/higher mainly as a result of lower/ higher interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents.

There has been no change to the Consolidated Entity's exposure to interest rate risk or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Consolidated Entity's financial assets and financial liabilities to interest rate risk.

	Carrying amount at 31 Dec 14	Carrying 1 amount at 31 Dec 13	+1%		-1%	
			Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents and other						
financial assets	31,525,004	27,795,306	250,277	250,277	(250,277)	(250,277)
Total increase / (decrease)			250,277	250,277	(250,277)	(250,277)

NOTE 17 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

(a) Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Responsible Entity who held office at any time during the year are as follows:

Gregory John Bendlin		Director
Julian Ross Blanchard	Resigned 25 August 2014	SVP Legal and Compliance
Liam Rayden Crawley		Chief Financial Officer
Gary Martin Croker		Director
Bruce Harkness		SVP Human Resources
Mark Manly Potgieter	Resigned 29 July 2014	SVP Marketing & WorldMark Services
Ross Stanley Nicholas	Appointed 10 October 2014	VP of Public Relations and Corporate Marketing
Barry Alan Robinson		President and Managing Director
Tiffany Jane Rose	Appointed 5 November 2014	SVP Legal and Compliance
Matthew James Taplin		SVP Property Development & Resort Operations

Directors have been in office for the duration of the financial period, unless otherwise stated.

NOTE 17 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

(b) Key management personnel's remuneration

The key management personnel of Wyndham Vacation Resorts South Pacific Limited were not remunerated for their role as key management personnel of the Responsible Entity in relation to the Consolidated Entity.

(c) Transactions other related entities

- (i) During the financial year, the Consolidated Entity incurred fees amounting to \$3,737,624 (2013: \$3,557,710) for the management of the entity by the Responsible Entity. As at 31 December 2014, the Responsible Entity does not hold any direct interest in the Consolidated Entity.
- (ii) The Developer is Wyndham Vacation Resorts Asia Pacific Pty Limited. During the year, the Developer acquired 85 resort apartments (2013: 85 apartments), which it has placed into the Consolidated Entity unencumbered. Refer to note 14(d) for further details.
- (iii) Developer levies are determined in accordance with the Constitution of the Consolidated Entity and are payable by the Developer to the Consolidated Entity within 14 days of the end of each month. During the year ended 31 December 2014, the Developer levies received were \$481,059 (2013: \$654,535).
- (iv)Other entities of the Wyndham Group provide services to the Consolidated Entity which are invoiced on commercial arms-length terms as agreed with the responsible entity.

NOTE 18 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2014 \$	2013 \$
Remuneration of the auditor for:	·	·
Auditing or reviewing the financial statements	69,346	67,670
Taxation services	7,150	6,600
	76,496	74,270

NOTE 19 CONTROLLED ENTITY

	Country of incorporation	Percentage of 9 2014 %	Ownership 2013 %
Parent entity WorldMark South Pacific Club	Australia	- -	<u>-</u>
Subsidiary of WorldMark South Pacific Club WorldMark by Wyndham (NZ) Limited	New Zealand	100	100

NOTE 20 COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is: Level 7, 1 Corporate Court Bundall QLD 4217 Australia

NOTE 21 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 1 February 2015, eight (8) resort apartments at Wyndham Hotel Melbourne were placed into the Consolidated Entity for occupancy and 6,631,600 Vacation Credits valued at \$3,845,137 were authorised.

On 1 March 2015, seven (7) resort apartments at Wyndham Hotel Melbourne were placed into the Consolidated Entity for occupancy and 5,537,250 Vacation Credits valued at \$3,211,412 were authorised.

Apart from the matters discussed above, there have been no other events that have occurred since 31 December 2014 that have or may significantly affect the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future periods.

NOTE 22 PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(a) Summary of financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2014 \$	2013 Restated \$	1 January 2013 Restated \$
Balance sheet Current assets	77,243,585	68,340,379	62,531,384
Current assets	77,243,363	66,340,379	62,551,564
Total assets	413,819,441	373,780,703	339,803,154
Current liabilities	56,791,400	49,774,189	43,399,591
Total liabilities	57,008,096	49,995,024	43,646,064
Unitholders equity:			
Vacation Credits on issue	352,722,455	320,212,713	291,383,408
Retained earnings	4,088,890	3,572,966	4,773,682
	356,811,345	323,785,679	296,157,090
Profit / (Loss) for the year	515,924	(1,200,716)	(1,689,330)
Total comprehensive income	515,924	(1,200,716)	(1,689,330)

(b) Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

The parent entity has not entered into any financial guarantees on behalf of the subsidiary.

NOTE 24 PRIOR PERIOD ERROR

(a) During the 2014 financial year, a review of Owner Levies Receivable was undertaken and it was identified that the receivable balance reported has been overstated by \$3,083,764 at 31 December 2013. An error in the source data reports being used to calculate the outstanding balance was identified. As a result of the detection of this error, the prior period comparatives have been restated to reflect the correct balance.

The aggregate effect of the adjustment on the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the comparative figures is as follows:

	Previously Stated	1 January 2013 Adjustments	Restated
		\$	\$
Consolidated entity			
Statement of Financial Position			
Trade and other receivables	39,563,483	(1,346,666)	38,216,817
Retained earnings	7,093,712	(1,346,666)	5,747,046
	31 December 2013		
	Previously Stated	Adjustments \$	Restated \$
Consolidated entity		•	•
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Inc	ome		
•		(1 777 000)	70 675 720
Levy income	41,412,826	(1,737,098)	39,675,728
Profit / (loss) before income tax	1,733,162	(1,737,098)	(3,936)
Profit / (loss) for the year	1,434,783	(1,737,098)	(302,315)
Total comprehensive income	4,264,214	(1,737,098)	2,527,116
Statement of Financial Position			
Trade and other receivables	45,946,901	(3,083,764)	42,863,137
Retained earnings	8,528,495	(3,083,764)	5,444,731

WORLDMARK SOUTH PACIFIC CLUB AND CONTROLLED ENTITY A.R.S.N. 092 334 015 "RESPONSIBLE ENTITY" DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Responsible Entity declare that:

- (a) the financial statements and notes of WorldMark South Pacific Club and Controlled Entity set out on pages 6 to 28 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, which:
 - (i) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Consolidated Entity as at 31 December 2014 and its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) in the Directors' opinion:
 - (i) at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Consolidated Entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity at Bundall, 26th March 2015.

Matthew Taplin _____ Date: 26th March, 2015

Director

For and on behalf of Wyndham Vacation Resorts South Pacific Limited



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of WorldMark South Pacific Club

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of WorldMark South Pacific Club and Controlled Entity ('the Scheme"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising WorldMark South Pacific Club and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the responsible entity of the Scheme are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the responsible entity of the Scheme, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of the auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of WorldMark South Pacific Club and Controlled Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards, and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the consolidated financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

CROWE HORWATH BRISBANE

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BRENDAN WORRALL

Partner

Signed at Brisbane, 26 March 2015

